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Madrid, March 28.

THE Marquis de Nancré arrived here the 23d Inſtant from the Court of France, accompanied by the Sieur Dutel, who was Secretary of the French Embaſſy at the Treaty of Utrecht, and has ſince been ſeveral Times in Conference with Cardinal Alberoni, and with Colonel Stanhope, Envoy from His Majeſty of Great Britain. He went into the Lodging prepared for him in the College of the Jeſuits, but will ſhortly remove from thence to a Houſe he has hired nearer to the Court. The Marquis de Mari is going to Cadiz to haſten the fitting out of the Men of War in that Port, and the Intendant Patin is ordered to continue there till that Service be over. A Detachment of 300 of the Life-Guard is ordered to march forthwith, under the Command of Major Don Blas del Oya, to Catalonia, from whence it is ſaid they are to be tranſported to Sardinia. The Marquis de Lede having reviewed the Forces in Valencia and Caſtile, is gone to do the like in Navarre and Biſcay. The Baron de Ripperda, late Envoy from the States General, is gone for Holland, to give an Account of his Negotiations, and diſpoſe of his Effects there, intending afterwards to return and ſettle in this Country.

Warſaw, March 30. The Turkiſh Aga lately arrived here from the Ottoman Porte, has been received with the uſual Marks of Diſtinction, being lodged in the Royal Palace, and entertained at the King's Expence, and waits the Return of an Expreſs that has been diſpatched to his Majeſty at Dreſden, to know his Pleaſure whether the ſaid Envoy ſhall attend him there, or continue in this Place. A Diet is ſhortly to meet at Grodno. We have an Account from the Frontiers, that the Muſcovites have made an Irruption into the Turkiſh Territories near Choczim, by way of Reprizal for an Inroad made by the Tartars ſome Time ago in the Czar's Dominions.

Copenhagen, April 1. Our Fleet is fitting out with all Diligence, and nine Men of War are already got out into the Road, whereof four, under the Command of Rear Admiral Schindel, are ſhortly to ſail to the Gulph of Kiog. A fine Ship, of a new Model, was lately launched here, the King being preſent, who named her the Aſſiſtance; ſhe is to carry 42 Guns and two large Mortars, and is ſaid to be chiefly contrived for the ſupporting a Deſcent, or defending the Entrance into a Port. The Neptune Frigate going from hence to Norway with ſeveral Officers and a conſiderable Sum of Money for the Daniſh Troops in that Country, met with very ill Weather at Sea and was forced into Flaſtrand, where lay the Delmenhorſt Man of War bound likewiſe for Norway, which took the Paſſengers and Money on board, the Frigate being ſo diſabled that ſhe was obliged to return hither to be refitted. We have ſince received an Account that the Delmenhorſt had performed her Voyage, and that the Swedes loſt two Men of War in the ſame Storm, near Carelſcroon, where their Fleet is ſaid to be almoſt ready to put to Sea.

Vienna, March 30. The Miniſters of the ſeveral Powers who are to be employed in Negotiating a Treaty of Peace with the Turks, are preparing for their Departure. Letters from Buda ſay, that Mr. Stanyan, Ambaſſadour from his Majeſty of Great Britain, arrived there from this Place the 22d Inſtant, and the next Day continued his Journey to the Grand Signior's Court; and that they had an Account that the Cham of Tartary was come to Bender with a Body of Troops, and intended ſoon to march from thence to Hungary to join the Turkiſh Army.

Duſſeldorp, April 8. The Emperour having taken into his Service the Palatine Regiments of Vehlen, Saxe Meiningen, and Norprath, they are ordered to be in a Readineſs to march, being deſigned for the Auſtrian Netherlands, to ſupply the Place of ſome Imperial Regiments that are to be ſent from thence to Italy. The Elector Palatine has ſent Word to the States of this Electorate who are now aſſembled here, that he intends ſhortly to come and reſide in this City, which Notice was received with very great Satisfaction by the Inhabitants of this Place.

Paris, April 13. The Decree of the Congregation of the Inquiſition cenſuring the Appeals of the Cardinal de Noailles and divers other Prelates and Doctors of this Kingdom, from the Pope's Conſtitution *Unigenitus* to the next General Council, being tranſmitted hither from Rome, the King's Attorney and the reſt of his Council at Law, complained of it to the Parliament, praying that they would prevent the Publication of this Decree of a Tribunal whoſe Authority had never been acknowledged in France, and aſſert the Right of the Gallican Church to ſuch an Appeal, as being one of its chief Privileges, and the greateſt Fence to its Liberties; the Parliament accordingly ordered it to be ſuppreſſed. A Paper relating to that Diſpute, enituled a Letter from the Archbiſhop of Rheims to the Regent, written on the Side of thoſe who have ſubmitted to the ſaid Conſtitution, coming out lately in print, in Breach of the King's Declaration of the 7th of October laſt for ſilencing thoſe Diſputes, the Paliament have, upon Complaint likewiſe of the King's Attorney, ordered it to be burnt, and ſtrictly forbid its being publiſhed: Whereupon another Letter has been printed in the Archbiſhop's Name, directed to the Rural Deans of his Dioceſs, inveighing againſt the Parliament, and cenſuring its Proceedings; but the Publication of a Writing of this Nature being Criminal, it is privately diſperſed. The Marſhal de Villars Preſident of the Council of War, and the Marſhal d'Huxelles Preſident of the Council for foreign Affairs, are admitted into the Council of the Regency, where